

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of)
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Harry van der POL) Group Art Unit: Unassigned
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Application No.: Unassigned) Examiner: Unassigned
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Filed: January 30, 2001))
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For: CALIBRATING METHOD AND))
 APPARATUS IN A))
 TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM))
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PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Amended) A method for calibrating [at least] one or more amplifiers (100,200)[,
characterised in]:
 - i) generating a noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) produced by said one or more amplifiers (100,200)
when no input signal ($S_i + N_i$) is connected (Alt. 2) to at least one amplifier of said one or more
amplifiers (100,200); and
 - ii) using said noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) as a calibrating signal for estimating a corresponding
gain (G) of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) by measuring (600) at at least one output of said
one or more amplifiers (100,200) the amount of noise (S_{tot}) of said one or more amplifiers
(100,200).

2. (Amended) A method for calibrating [at least] one or more amplifiers (100,200) according to claim 1, wherein [characterised in that further is] said gain (G) is further adjusted in accordance with said calibrating signal.

3. (Amended) A method for calibrating a receiver (1,2)[, characterised in]:

- i) generating a noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) produced by one or more amplifiers (100,200) of said receiver when an input signal ($S_i + N_i$) is disconnected (Alt. 2) [to] from said receiver; and
- ii) using said noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) as a calibrating signal for estimating a corresponding gain (G) of said one or more amplifiers in said receiver by measuring (600) at the output of the receiver the amount of noise (S_{tot}) of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

4. (Amended) A method for calibrating a receiver according to claim 3, [characterised in that] wherein [further is] said gain (G) is further adjusted in accordance with said calibrating signal.

5. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) comprising:

one or more amplifiers (100,200) for amplifying a radio signal ($S_i + N_i$);
estimating means (600) for estimating a gain (G) of said one or more amplifiers (100,200);
[characterised in that] disconnecting said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$), while at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) is producing a calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) as a reference signal into said estimating means (600) for estimating said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$).

6. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) comprising:

one or more amplifiers (100,200) for amplifying a radio signal ($S_i + N_i$);
estimating means (600) for estimating a gain (G) of said one or more amplifiers (100,200);

[characterised in that] wherein said calibration arrangement (1,2) further comprises:
a switching means (10,30+100) for disconnecting said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$), while at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) is producing a calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) as a reference signal into said estimating means (600) for estimating said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) .

7. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-6], wherein [characterised in that] said calibrating signal is a pure noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) of at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

8. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-7], wherein [characterised in that] disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (100,200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by disconnecting a power supply (500) from at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

9. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (2) according to claim 6 [any one of claims 6-7], wherein [characterised in that] said switching means (30+100) is disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by disconnecting a power supply (500) from at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

10. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-7], wherein [characterised in that] disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (100,200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by connecting at least one input of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) to a reference potential (20).

11. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1) according to claim 6 [any one of claims 6-7], wherein [characterised in that] said switching means (10) is disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by connecting at least one input of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) to a reference potential (20).

12. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1) according to claim 10 [any one of claims 10-11], wherein [characterised in that] said reference potential is provided by a resistance (20) [through] connected to ground.

13. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-12], wherein [characterised in that] the calibration arrangement (1,2) further comprises: more than one [amplifiers] amplifier (100+200) in a chain for amplifying said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$).

14. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 6 [any one of claims 6-7 and 11], wherein [characterised in that] said switching means (10,30+100) is disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (100,200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by disconnecting at least one input of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) which is closest to [where] an input of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) [is inputted].

15. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-14], wherein [characterised in that] said calibrating signal [is] represents a noise power (kTBF) from said one or more amplifiers (100,200) that comprises:

- a known Boltzman constant (k);
- a known bandwith (B) of said noise power;
- a known noise figure of said noise power;
- a measured temperature (T) of said receiver.

16. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-15], [characterised in that] an output from the last one of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) in a chain is connected to an analog-digital-converter (400) for converting analog signals into digital signals.

17. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 15, [characterised in that] wherein said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) including said noise power (kTBF) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured at at least one output of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

18. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 5 [any one of claims 5-16], wherein [characterised in that] said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured at at least one output of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

19. (Amended) A calibration arrangement (1,2) according to claim 16 [any one of claims 15, 16], wherein [characterised in that] said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured after said analog-digital-converter (400).

20. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) comprising:
means (300) for receiving a radio signal ($S_i + N_i$);
one or more amplifiers (100,200) for amplifying said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$);
estimating means (600) for estimating a gain (G) of said receiver (12);
[characterised in that] wherein said receiver further comprises:
a switching means (10,100) for disconnecting said received signal ($S_i + N_i$), while at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200) is producing a calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) as a reference signal [into] to said estimating means (600) for estimating said gain (G) of said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$).

21. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 20, wherein [characterised in that] said calibrating signal is a pure noise signal ($N_a + N_i$) of at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

22. (Amended) A receiver (1) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-21], [characterised in that] wherein said switching means (10) is disconnecting said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by connecting at least one input of said one or more amplifiers (100) to a reference potential (20).

23. (Amended) A receiver (1) according to claim 22, wherein [characterised in that] said reference potential is provided by a resistance (20) [through] connected to ground.

24. (Amended) A receiver (2) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-21], wherein [characterised in that] said switching means (100) is disconnecting said one or more amplifiers (100,200) from said radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) by disconnecting a power supply (500) from at least one amplifier of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

25. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-24], wherein [characterised in that] the receiver (1,2) further comprises:

more than one amplifier [amplifiers] (100+200) in a chain for amplifying said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$).

26. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-25], wherein [characterised in that] said calibrating signal [is] represents a noise power ($kTBF$) from said one or more amplifiers (100,200) that comprises:

a known Boltzman constant (k);
a known bandwith (B) of said noise power;
a known noise figure of said noise power;
a measured temperature (T) of said receiver.

27. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-26], wherein [characterised in that] an output from the last one of said one or more amplifiers (200) in a chain is connected to an analog-digital-converter (400) for converting analog signals into digital signals.

28. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 26, wherein [characterised in that] said gain (G) of said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) including said noise power (kTBF) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured at at least one output of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

29. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 20 [any one of claims 20-27], wherein [characterised in that] said gain (G) of said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured at at least one output of said one or more amplifiers (100,200).

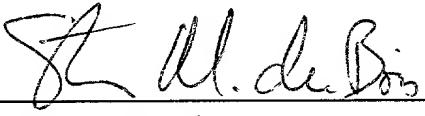
30. (Amended) A receiver (1,2) according to claim 27 [any one of claims 20-27], wherein [characterised in that] said gain (G) of said received radio signal ($S_i + N_i$) is estimated from said calibrating signal ($N_a + N_i$) when an output signal (S_{tot}) is measured after said analog-digital-converter (400).

REMARKS

The Applicant respectfully requests entry of the above-noted claim amendments in order to bring the claims of the application in conformity with U.S. practice. Favorable action on the merits of the application is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.

By: 
Steven M. du Bois
Registration No. 35,023

P.O. Box 1404
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404
(703) 836-6620

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